Activity/ Situation	FULL OPENING OF SCHOOL DURING COVID-19 PANDEMIC						
Location			Norton CF	School			
Persons at Risk	Pupils ⊠	Emp	ployees⊠	Visitor	s 🛛	Contrac	tors 🗵
HAZARD(S)	** Contact Between Individuals Not Minimised and Social Distancing Measures Not Followed ** Social Distancing Measures Not Followed During Travel to and from School ** Inadequate Cleaning/Sanitising ** Shared Resources ** Spread of Coronavirus to Staff, Pupils and Families, Visitors and Contractors ** Site User Becoming Unwell ** Site User Developing Symptoms ** Inadequate Hand Washing/Personal Hygiene ** Inadequate Personal Protection & PPE ** Visitors, Contractors & Spread of Coronavirus ** Inadequate Ventilation ** Arrangements for Boarding Schools During Pandemic						
CONTROL ME	EASURES		ADDITION INFORM		YES	NO	N/A
	d and adapt this generic risk ng and amending others whe						
Contact Between	Individuals Not Min	nimised	and Social	Distancing	Measure	es Not Fo	llowed
the risk of transmis of pupils and staff in only those within the	<u> </u>	number other to	Details;-		×		
in each group, and takes places betwee different groups	a record of pupils an I any close contact the een children and staf	nat If in	Seating pla place.	ans are in	×		
groups that are the can be achieved, it will help to reduce could be asked to	ay be able to implement size of a full class. It is recommended, a the number of people isolate should some ill with coronavirus (If that s this e who one in			⊠		
In the younger year (key stage 3), school implement groups class. If that can be recommended, as number of people visolate should som with coronavirus (Coronavirus (Coronavir	this will help to redu who could be asked leone in group becor	a full ce the to ne ill					×
in Secondary Schl	Jois, and Certainly III	u i C			Ш		

older age groups at key stage 4 and key stage 5, the groups are likely to need to be the size of a year group to enable schools to deliver the full range of curriculum subjects and students to receive specialist teaching. If this can be achieved with small groups, they are recommended			
Whatever the size of the group, they are kept apart from other groups and older children are encouraged to keep their distance within their groups		×	
Schools with the capability to do it should take steps to limit interaction, and the sharing of rooms and social spaces between groups as much as possible		×	
It is recognised that younger children will not be able to maintain social distancing, and it is acceptable for them not to distance within their group		×	
Schools keep children in their class groups for the majority of the classroom time, but also allow mixing into wider groups for specialist teaching, wraparound care and transport		×	
Siblings may be in different groups		\boxtimes	
Teachers and other staff operate across different classes and year groups in order to facilitate the delivery of the school timetable		×	
Where staff need to move between classes and year groups, they should keep their distance from pupils and other staff as much as they can, ideally 2 metres from other adults	See Inadequate Personal Protection section of this RA		
Where possible adults maintain a 2 metre distance from each other, and from children		\boxtimes	
Adults avoid close face to face contact and limit time spent within 1 metre of anyone	- direct close contacts - face to face contact with an infected individual for any length of time, within 1 metre, including being coughed on, a face to face conversation, or unprotected physical contact (skin-to-skin) - proximity contacts - extended close contact (within 1 to 2 metres for more than 15 minutes) with an infected individual		
Within the classroom a distance between people is maintained so far as reasonably practical	It is accepted that distancing may not be possible in primary schools	⊠	
Pupils are seated side by side and facing forwards, rather than face to face or side on	p.inary concold	×	

Staff will work side on to pupils as opposed to face to face whenever possible		×	
Educational and care support is provided as normal to pupils who have complex needs or who need close contact care		×	
Schools, local authorities, health professionals, regional schools commissioners and other services work together to ensure that children with medical conditions are fully supported, including through the use of individual healthcare plans, so that they may receive an education in line with their peers	In some cases, the pupil's medical needs will mean this is not possible, and educational support will require flexibility. Our guidance on supporting pupils at school with medical conditions remains in place	×	
Unnecessary furniture has been moved out of classrooms to make more space		\boxtimes	
Large gatherings such as assemblies or collective worship with more than one group do not take place		⊠	
The timetable and selection of classroom or other learning environment has been used to reduce movement around the school or building		⊠	
Consideration given to staggered starts or adjusting start and finish times to keep groups apart as they arrive and leave school	Staggered start and finish times should not reduce the amount of overall teaching time	×	
Parents' drop-off and pick-up protocols planned to minimise adult to adult contact		\boxtimes	
Parents and pupils are told their allocated drop off and collection times and the process for doing so, including protocols for minimising adult to adult contact (for example, which entrance to use)		⊠	
It is made clear to parents that they cannot gather at entrance gates or doors, or enter the site (unless they have a pre-arranged appointment, which should be conducted safely)		×	
External entrances to classrooms are used where practical		\boxtimes	
Break times are staggered so that all pupils are not moving around the school at the same time		×	
Lunch breaks are staggered		\boxtimes	
Numbers of staff using Staff Room are limited or the use of Staff Room is staggered to ensure that staff maintain 2 metres distance from each other	The taping off or removal of chairs may be needed to ensure staff cannot sit within 2 metres of each other. Staff must still have a break of a	×	

	during the day			
Staff meetings take place remotely where possible. Where this is not possible staff meetings take place in a large well ventilated room ensuring 2 metres social distancing at all times	Virtual staff meetings could take place where staff stay in their classrooms and join the meeting	×		
School can resume non-overnight domestic educational visits	Domestic (UK) overnight and overseas educational visits are prohibited	×		
Social Distancing Measures Not Followed Du	uring Travel to and fro	m Schoo	I	
Parents and pupils are encouraged to walk or cycle to their education setting where possible		×		
Schools, parents and pupils following the government guidance on how to travel safely, when planning their travel on public transport	safer travel guidance for passengers	\boxtimes		
Inadequate Cleaning/Sanitising				
A cleaning schedule that ensures cleaning is generally enhanced and includes more frequent cleaning of rooms / shared areas that are used by different groups is in place		×		
Surfaces that pupils are touching, such as toys, books, desks, chairs, doors, sinks, toilets, light switches, bannisters etc. are cleaned more often than normal		⊠		
Electronic entry systems and keypads are regularly sanitised particularly first thing in the morning and where possible after each use		\boxtimes		
Bins for tissues and other rubbish are emptied throughout the day		\boxtimes		
Stocks of cleaning chemicals, liquid soap, paper towels, tissues, toilet roll, bin bags etc. regularly checked and additional supplies requested as necessary		\boxtimes		
Consideration given to how play equipment is used ensuring it is appropriately cleaned between groups of children using it		×		
Outdoor playground equipment should be more frequently cleaned	This would also apply to resources used inside and outside by wraparound care providers	⊠		
Shared Resources				
For individual and very frequently used equipment, such as pencils and pens, it is recommended that staff and pupils have their own items that are not shared				

and games, can be used and shared within the bubble; these are cleaned regularly, along with all frequently touched surfaces		⊠		
Resources that are shared between classes or bubbles, such as sports, art and science equipment should be cleaned frequently and meticulously and always between bubbles, or rotated to allow them to be left unused and out of reach for a period of 48 hours (72 hours for plastics) between use by different bubbles		×		
Pupils can bring essentials such as lunch boxes, hats, coats, books, stationery, bags and mobile phones (depending on school policy) in to school		×		
Pupils and teachers can take books and other shared resources home, although unnecessary sharing should be avoided, especially where this does not contribute to pupil education and development. Rules on hand cleaning, cleaning of the resources and rotation apply to these resources		×		
Devices/laptops/tablets etc. that are brought from home to school and back again are cleaned at the start and end of the day		⊠		
Spread of Coronavirus to Staff, Pupils and F	amilies, Visitors and C	Contracto	ors	
Contact with individuals who are unwell is minimised by ensuring that those who have coronavirus (COVID-19) symptoms, or who have someone in their household who does, do not attend school	Ensuring that pupils, staff and other adults do not come into the school if they have coronavirus (COVID-19) symptoms, or have tested positive in the last 10 days, and ensuring anyone developing those symptoms during the school day is sent home, are essential actions to reduce the risk in schools and further drive down transmission of coronavirus (COVID-19)	×		
The school recognises that if they have two or more confirmed cases within 14 days, or an overall rise in sickness absence where coronavirus (COVID-19) is suspected, they may have an outbreak and must continue to work with their local health protection team		×		
who will be able to advise if additional action is required				

they are still Clinically Extremely Vulnerable are not to attend education whilst the national restrictions are in place. Schools will need to make appropriate arrangements to enable them to continue their education at home.	identified through a letter from the NHS or a specialist doctor as in the group deemed clinically extremely vulnerable Individuals in this		
Staff who are Clinically Extremely Vulnerable MUST NOT attend the workplace during the period of national restrictions	group have been identified through a letter from the NHS or their GP. Staff should be supported to be able to continue working from their home where possible Clinically Extremely Vulnerable	×	
Staff and pupils who are Clinically Vulnerable or have underlying health conditions but are not clinically extremely vulnerable, may continue to attend school in line with current guidance.	See Section 9 of New-national- restrictions-from-5- november	⊠	
Staff who are in the clinically vulnerable group can work in school, taking particular care to observe good hand and respiratory hygiene, minimising contact and maintaining social distancing. (The only exception to this may be in some very high alert areas, where the government issue NEW notifications to shield to those most vulnerable individuals)	Adults should maintain 2 metre distance from others, and where this is not possible avoid close face to face contact and minimise time spent within 1 metre of others. While the risk of transmission between young children and adults is likely to be low, adults should continue to take care to socially distance from other adults including older children/adolescents An Individual Risk Assessment will be needed. Advice sought on a case by case basis. Individual Risk Assessments will need to be subject to regular review		
People who live with those who are clinically extremely vulnerable or clinically vulnerable can and do attend the workplace	An Individual Risk Assessment may be needed. Advice sought on a case by case basis. Individual Risk Assessments will	⊠	

	need to be subject to regular review		
Pregnant women are in the 'clinically vulnerable' category	School must complete the New and Expectant Mothers risk assessment as well as the Covid Individual risk assessment. Both the New and Expectant Mothers and the Individual Risk Assessment must be reviewed prior to 28 weeks when risk factors increase. Individual Risk Assessments will need to be subject to regular review RCOG Q&A -covid-19-virus-infection-and-pregnancy		
Where it is necessary to use supply staff and peripatetic teachers, those individuals will be expected to comply with the school's arrangements for managing and minimising risk, including taking particular care to minimise contact and maintain as much distance as possible from other staff	To minimise the numbers of temporary staff entering the school premises, and secure best value, schools may wish to use longer assignments with supply teachers and agree a minimum number of hours across the academic year		\boxtimes
Specialists, therapists, clinicians and other support staff for pupils with SEND provide interventions as usual		×	
Volunteers may be used to support the work of the school, as would usually be the case	Mixing of volunteers across groups should be kept to a minimum, and they should remain 2 metres from pupils and staff where possible		\boxtimes
Access to PPE should be available where there is contact with diagnosed or suspected person with covid-19	See Inadequate Personal Protection & PPE section of this risk assessment	×	
Site User Becoming Unwell			
If anyone in the school becomes unwell with a	stay at home:	×	

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new, continuous cough or a high temperature, or has a loss of, or change in, their normal sense of taste or smell (anosmia), they must be sent home and advised to follow the guidance which sets out that they must self-isolate for at least 10 days and should arrange to have a test to see if they have coronavirus (COVID-19). Other members of their household (including any siblings) should self-isolate for 14 days from when the symptomatic person first had symptoms	guidance for households with possible or confirmed coronavirus (COVID-19) infection If they have tested positive whilst not experiencing symptoms but develop symptoms during the isolation period, they should restart the 10-day isolation period from the day they develop symptoms			
If a pupil is awaiting collection, they should be moved, if possible, to a room where they can be isolated behind a closed door, depending on the age of the Pupils and with appropriate adult supervision if required. Ideally, a window should be opened for ventilation.	If it is not possible to isolate them, move them to an area which is at least 2 metres away from other people	×		
If the pupil needs to go to the toilet while waiting to be collected, they should use a separate toilet if possible. The toilet should be cleaned and disinfected using standard cleaning products before being used by anyone else		×		
PPE should be worn by staff caring for the pupil while they await collection if a distance of 2 metres cannot be maintained (such as for a very young pupil or a pupil with complex needs)	See Inadequate Personal Protection & PPE section of this risk assessment	⊠		
In an emergency, call 999 if the pupil is seriously ill or injured or their life is at risk.	Anyone with coronavirus (COVID-19) symptoms should not visit the GP, pharmacy, urgent care centre or a hospital	×		
Any member of staff who has provided close contact care to someone with symptoms, even while wearing PPE, and all other members of staff or pupils who have been in close contact with that person with symptoms, even if wearing a face covering, do not need to go home to self-isolate unless: • the symptomatic person subsequently tests positive • they develop symptoms themselves (in which case, they should arrange to have a test) • they are requested to do so by NHS Test and Trace or the PHE advice service (or PHE local health protection team if escalated)		\boxtimes		
Everyone must wash their hands thoroughly		\boxtimes		

for 20 seconds with soap and running water or use hand sanitiser after any contact with someone who is unwell			
The area around the person with symptoms must be cleaned with normal household disinfectant after they have left to reduce the risk of passing the infection on to other people	COVID-19: cleaning of non-healthcare settings guidance	×	
Site User Developing Symptoms			
Schools must ensure that staff members and parents/carers understand that they will need to be ready and willing to book a test if they are displaying symptoms. The main symptoms are a high temperature, a new continuous cough and/or a loss or change to your sense of smell or taste. Staff and pupils must not come into the school if they have symptoms, and must be sent home to self-isolate if they develop them in school. All children can be tested if they have symptoms, including children under 5, but children aged 11 and under will need to be helped by their parents or carers if using a home testing kit	The advice service (or PHE local health protection team if escalated) will provide definitive advice on who must be sent home. A template letter will be provided to schools, on the advice of the health protection team, to send to parents and staff if needed	⊠	
School have received an initial supply of 10 home test kits and information about how to order to replenish this supply when they are running out	School should call the Test and Trace helpdesk on 119 if these have not arrived.	⊠	
School determines how to prioritise the distribution of their test kits in order to minimise the impact of the virus on the education of their pupils.	The test kits sent to schools are provided to be used in the exceptional circumstance that an individual becomes symptomatic and schools believe they may have barriers to accessing testing elsewhere. These kits can be given directly to staff or parents and carers collecting a child who has developed symptoms at school. In particular, these tests kits will also help ensure that symptomatic staff can also get a test and if they test negative, can return to work as soon as they no longer have symptoms of coronavirus (COVID-		

	19). Further information is provided in our guidance Coronavirus (COVID-19): test kits for schools and FE providers.		
Schools must ensure that staff members and parents/carers understand that they will need to be ready and willing to provide details of anyone they have been in close contact with if they were to test positive for coronavirus (COVID-19) or if asked by NHS Test & Trace		⊠	
Schools must ensure that staff members and parents/carers understand that they will need to be ready and willing to self-isolate if they have been in close contact with someone who develops coronavirus (COVID-19) symptoms or someone who tests positive for coronavirus (COVID-19)	Household members of those contacts who are sent home do not need to self-isolate themselves unless the child, young person or staff member who is self-isolating subsequently develops symptoms	⊠	
Parents and staff are asked to inform the school immediately of the results of a test	Schools must not share the names or details of people with coronavirus (COVID-19) unless essential to protect others	×	
If someone with symptoms tests negative for coronavirus (COVID-19), then they need should stay at home until they are recovered as usual from their illness but can safely return thereafter. The only exception to return following a negative test result is where an individual is separately identified as a close contact of a confirmed case, when they will need to self-isolate for 14 days from the date of that contact	Schools should not request evidence of negative test results or other medical evidence before admitting children or welcoming them back after a period of self-isolation	⊠	
Someone who is self-isolating because they have been in close contact with someone who has tested positive for coronavirus (COVID-19) starts to feel unwell and gets a test for coronavirus themselves, and the test delivers a negative result, they must remain in isolation for the remainder of the 14-day isolation period	This is because they could still develop coronavirus (COVID-19) within the remaining days	×	
If someone with symptoms tests positive, they should follow the 'stay at home: guidance for households with possible or confirmed coronavirus (COVID-19) infection' and must continue to self-isolate for at least 10 days from the onset of their symptoms and then return to school only if they do not have symptoms other than cough or loss of sense		⊠	

of smell/taste. This is because a cough or anosmia can last for several weeks once the infection has gone. The 10-day period starts from the day when they first became ill. If they still have a high temperature, they should continue to self-isolate until their temperature returns to normal. Other members of their household should all self-isolate for the full 14 days			
Schools send home those people who have been in close contact with the person who has tested positive, advising them to self-isolate for 14 days since they were last in close contact with that person when they were infectious	Close contact means: - direct close contacts - face to face contact with an infected individual for any length of time, within 1 metre, including being coughed on, a face to face conversation, or unprotected physical contact (skin-to-skin) - proximity contacts - extended close contact (within 1 to 2 metres for more than 15 minutes) with an infected individual - travelling in a small vehicle, like a car, with an infected person		
School must take swift action when they become aware that someone who has attended has tested positive for coronavirus and must contact the dedicated advice service introduced by Public Health England (PHE) and delivered by the NHS Business Services Authority	This can be reached by calling the DfE Helpline on 0800 046 8687 and selecting option 1 for advice on the action to take in response to a positive case. Schools will be put through to a team of advisers who will inform them of what action is needed based on the latest public health advice	×	
Public Health England has good evidence that routinely taking the temperature of pupils by the school is not recommended as this is an unreliable method for identifying coronavirus (COVID-19) so this does not take place			
Inadequate Hand Washing/Personal Hygiene			

Staff/pupils/cleaners/contractors etc. will be reminded to clean their hands regularly, including when they arrive at school, when they return from breaks, when they change rooms and before and after eating	Ensure that staff have sufficient time to wash their hands regularly, as frequently as pupils	×		
Hands are washed with liquid soap & water for a minimum of 20 seconds		\boxtimes		
The school has considered whether they have enough hand washing or hand sanitiser 'stations' available so that all pupils and staff can clean their hands regularly		×		
Alcohol based hand cleansers/gels can only be used if soap and water are not available, but is not a substitute for hand washing. Such gels MUST ONLY BE USED UNDER CLOSE SUPERVISION. In normal circumstances pupils should not be using alcohol based hand cleansers because of the risk of ingestion.	Skin friendly skin cleaning wipes can be used as an alternative	×		
The 'catch it, bin it, kill it' approach is very important and is promoted	Germs spread easily. Always carry tissues and use them to catch your cough or sneeze. BIN IT Germs can live for several hours on tissues. Dispose of your tissue as soon as possible. KILL IT Hands can transfer germs to every surface you touch. Clean your hands as soon as you can.	×		
Disposable tissues are available in each room for both staff and pupil use	4313	\boxtimes		
Bins for tissues are available in each room		\boxtimes	П	П
Risk assessments for pupils with complex needs that may struggle to maintain as good respiratory hygiene as their peers, for example those who spit uncontrollably or use saliva as a sensory stimulant, have been updated in order to support these pupils and the staff working with them		<u> </u>		
Inadequate Personal Protection & PPE				
Face coverings are currently not in use by pupils in Primary schools as the risks are considered to be lower as pupils and staff are mixing in consistent groups, and because misuse may inadvertently increase the risk of transmission. There may also be negative effects on communication and thus education		⊠		
In schools that are in areas where the COVID Alert Level is high or very high, or during periods of National Restrictions, adults (staff, visitors and contractors) in Primary Schools DO wear face coverings in areas outside of the classroom at the discretion of the Head		×		

Teacher			
	Some individuals are exempt from wearing face coverings. This applies to those who:		
In schools where pupils in year 7 and above are educated, face coverings must be worn by adults and pupils when moving around the premises, outside of classrooms, such as in corridors and communal areas where social distancing cannot easily be maintained	- cannot put on, wear or remove a face covering because of a physical or mental illness or impairment or disability - speak to or provide assistance to		×
	someone who relies on lip reading, clear sound or facial expression to communicate		
	The same exemptions will apply in education settings, and we would expect teachers and other staff to be sensitive to those needs.		
In the event of new local restrictions being agreed, schools will ensure they communicate quickly and clearly to staff, parents and pupils that the new arrangements require the use of face coverings in certain circumstances		×	
It is not necessary to wear face coverings in the classroom, where protective measures already mean the risks are lower, and where they could inhibit learning		×	
In such circumstances as face coverings are to be worn in school they must be worn correctly	https://www.gov.uk/g overnment/publicatio ns/face-coverings-in- education/face- coverings-in- education	×	
Clear instructions are provided to staff and pupils on how to put on, remove, store and dispose of face coverings, to avoid inadvertently increasing the risks of transmission		×	
Safe wearing of face coverings requires cleaning of hands before and after touching – including to remove or put them on – and the safe storage of them in individual, sealable plastic bags between use		×	

Where a face covering becomes damp, it should not be worn and the face covering should be replaced		\boxtimes	
Where anybody is struggling to access a face covering, or where they are unable to use their face covering due to having forgotten it or it having become soiled or unsafe, the school has taken steps to have a small contingency supply available to meet such needs		×	
School has a procedure for removing face coverings when those who use them arrive at school, and when to wear face coverings at school in certain circumstances	This procedure should be communicated clearly to pupils and staff		×
PPE will need to be worn by a member of staff if a pupil becomes unwell with symptoms of coronavirus while in their setting and needs direct personal care until they can return home. A face mask should be worn by the supervising adult if a distance of 2 metres cannot be maintained. If contact with the pupil is necessary, then gloves, an apron and a face mask should be worn by the supervising adult. If there is a risk of splashing to the eyes, for example from coughing, spitting, or vomiting, then eye protection should also be worn	safe working in education, childcare and children's social care	×	
Visitors, Contractors & Spread of Coronaviru	us		
All visits to the school are restricted to those that are absolutely necessary		×	
Parent and carer visits are suspended for: new admissions, settling-in children new to the setting attending organised performances			
All visitors and contractors must make pre- arranged appointments or they will not be allowed on site		×	
School ensures site guidance on physical distancing and hygiene is explained to visitors and contractors on or before arrival		×	
Where visits can happen outside of school hours, they are arranged as such		×	
Contractors to attend by agreement only after school have satisfied themselves that it is necessary for the visit to take place at that time and that all required controls are in place to allow the work to continue safely		⊠	
Contractors to provide updated risk	Times of visits may need to be adapted		

	effectively clean following the visits		
As normal, school engages with their local immunisation providers to provide immunisation programmes on site, ensuring these are delivered in keeping with the school's control measures	These programmes are essential for children's health and wellbeing	×	
A record is kept of all visitors with sufficient detail to support rapid contact tracing if required by NHS Test and Trace.		×	
Out-of-school activities (including wraparound care) may continue to operate if their primary purpose is providing registered childcare, or where they are offering other childcare activities, where this is reasonably necessary to enable parents to: • work or search for work • undertake training or education	See Out-of-school activities and wraparound childcare section of Guidance for education-and-childcare-settings-new-national-restrictions-from-5-november-2020	×	
All other out of school activities, including lettings, not being primarily used by parents for the above purposes, should close for face-to-face provision for the duration of the national restrictions		×	
In out-of-school settings, face coverings should be used where it is a requirement of the indoor setting or staff are likely to come into contact with other members of the public (complying with relevant coronavirus (COVID-19) sector guidance)	See Out-of-school activities and wraparound childcare section of Guidance for education-and-childcare-settings-new-national-restrictions-from-5-november-2020		\boxtimes
Inadequate Ventilation			
Occupied spaces must always be well ventilated and a comfortable teaching environment maintained	This can be achieved by a variety of measures including: mechanical ventilation systems - these should be adjusted to increase the ventilation rate wherever possible, and checked to confirm that normal operation meets current guidance (if possible, systems should be adjusted to full fresh air or, if not, then systems should be operated	\boxtimes	

they are w single roor	m and nted by an	
Ventilate spaces with outdoor air Ventilate spaces with outdoor air ontility if necess external op doors may used providoesn't consafeguard measures	sary pening valso be ided this mpromise	
Where possible, occupied room windows should be open		
Keep toilet ventilation in operation as much as possible while building is occupied		
Switch air handling units with recirculation to 100% outdoor air where this is not possible, systems are operated as normal Further ad this can be Health and Executive on air condain and ventile during the coronaviru outbreak as	e found in d Safety guidance ditioning ation S And CIBSE US (COVID-	
Prop doors open, where safe to do so (bearing in mind fire safety and safeguarding), to limit use of door handles and assist with creating a throughput of air Fire doors be propped unless the self-closing open device.	d open y have a ⊠ g hold	
In cold weather where the school heating system is activated, windows are open to provide trickle ventilation rather than being fully open to purge the space) In cold weather where the school heating opened just to provide to provide to provide backgrour ventilation opened meaning the space)	entilation windows weather hould be st enough constant nd , and ore fully aks to	
Consideration given to opening high level windows in preference to low level to reduce draughts	×	
Consideration given to only opening every other window instead of all windows when the heating is activated	×	
suitable indoor clothing see School	nformation ol uniform	
Furniture rearranged where possible to avoid direct drafts	\boxtimes	

Heating should be used as necessary to ensure comfort levels are maintained particularly in occupied spaces				
When heating is activated and windows are on trickle vent, consideration is given to employing desk fans to move any stagnant pockets of air	Desk fans are pointed away from people and pointed at walls etc.			
If school needs to use additional heaters they only use sealed, oil filled electric heaters	Electric fan heaters used sparingly due to increased fire and electrical risk			×
Arrangements for Boarding Schools During	Pandemic			
Where pupils travel from abroad to attend boarding schools, the school needs to plan for their collection and transfer from their point of arrival	Schools need to have plans in place for the collection and transfer of these pupils to school, which need to be explained to pupils and their parents before they travel. Advice to help schools, pupils and parents is provided in residential settings with international students guidance and in how to selfisolate when traveling to the UK guidance			
Where they have travelled from, or have stopped at, a country or territory that is not on the travel corridors list, pupils will be required to self-isolate for 14 days from the day they leave a non-exempt country or territory to travel to the UK	Where suitable, pupils can self- isolate at their boarding school			
Boarding pupils can be in one group residentially and another during the school day				\boxtimes
It is accepted that boarding pupils will mix during sociable time				\boxtimes
If a child in a boarding school shows symptoms, they should initially self-isolate in their residential setting household. Most children will benefit from self-isolating in their boarding house so that their usual support can continue. Others will benefit more from self-isolating in their family home	guidance on isolation for residential educational settings.			⊠
Have you consulted with the people/representati activity as part of the preparation of this risk ass	essment	Yes [No □
What is the level of risk for this activity/situation measures	with existing control	High ⊠	Med □	Low
Is the risk adequately controlled with existing co	Yes D	₫	No □	

Have you	u identifie	d any furthe	er control meas	sures needed	L to contr	ol			_	
		•	the action plan		551111		Ye	es 🗆	N	lo 🗵
ACTION PLAN (insert additional rows if required)					То	o be actioned by				
Further control measures to reduce risks so reasonably practicable			far as is	N	lame	Date				
		сазопарту р	аспсаме							
State overall risk level assigned to the task AFTER implementation of control and action plan measures taken as a result of this risk assessment						on of	Hig		ed ⊴	Low
Is such a	a risk leve	l deemed to	be as low as	reasonably p	ractical?		Ye	s 🗵	N	lo 🗆
Is activity	still acce	eptable with	this level of ris	sk?			Ye	s 🗵	N	lo 🗆
If no, has	s this beer	n escalated	to senior leade	ership team?)		Ye	s 🗆	N	lo 🗆
Assesso	or(s): H	lelen Pierc	У							
Position	(s): B	Business M	anager	Signature	e(s):	Helen	en Piercy			
							02/12/2020			
Date:		06/1	1/2020	Review D	ate:		(02/12/20	20	
Date:	tion:	06/1	1/2020	Review D	oate:		(02/12/20)20	
	tion:	06/1	1/2020	Review D	ate:		(02/12/20)20	
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